

Understanding and Working with Personality Type

Using the MBTI® Assessment to Appreciate Differences

PRESENTED BY
YOUR NAME HERE



FACILITATOR BIO

[insert name]

MBTI® Certified Practitioner

[add additional credentials]

[add your experience working with type]

[add other relevant experience]





OBJECTIVES

In this session you will:

- Increase your understanding of personality type by learning about the Myers-Briggs® framework
- Develop greater self-avareness and awareness of others
- Identify ways to use personality differences constructively temprove personal interactions and team performance



TODAY'S AGENDA

Explain and verify your MBTI® result?by:

- Learning about the theory underlying the MBTI assessment and the meaning of preferences
- Completing a self-assement
- Reviewing your individual results and verifying your best-fit type

Apply type information to your teamwork by:

- Experiencing type preferences through activities
- Developing action plans



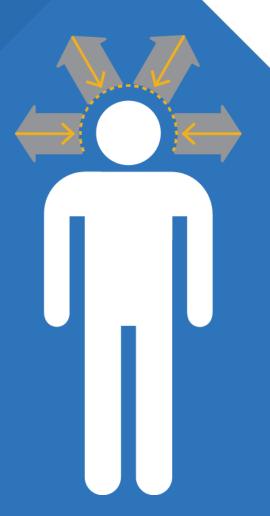
JUNG'S THEORY OF PERSONALITY TYPE

Jung also observed that we all live in two worlds:

- The outer world of people, things and activities and
- The inner world of our on ideas, thoughts, and observations

Everyone has a preference for and is typically energized by either the outer world or the inner world.





THE MBTI® PREFERENCE PAIRS



The MBTI assessment reports your natural preferences on four pairs of opposites.

EXTRAVERSION



OR



INTROVERSION

Opposite ways to direct and receive energy

SENSING



OR

n INTUITION

Opposite ways to take in information

THINKING





FEELING

Opposite ways to decide and come to conclusions

JUDGING



OR



PERCEIVING

Opposite ways to approach the outside world

OPPOSITE WAYS TO DIRECT AND RECEIVE ENERGY





Source: Introduction to Myers-Briggs® Type

E-I DIFFERENCES





People who prefer EXTRAVERSION



People who prefer INTROVERSION

Direct their energy and attention outward

pirect their energy attention inward

Focus on the outside wellow of people and activity

Focus on their inner world of ideas and experiences

We all use both preferences, but usually not with equal comfort or confidence.

Source: Introduction to Myers-Briggs® Type



T-F SELF-ASSESSMENT



We all use Thinking and Feeling when making decisions.

But we usually do not use them with equal ease.

Everyone has a preference for one or the other.



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YOUR MBTI® STEP I™ RESULTS

Your MBTI report:

- Identifies your four-letter reported type based on computer scoring of your responses to the assessment items
- Presents the four proference pairs, with a brief description of each
- Lists characteristics frequently associated with your four-letter reported type

THE TYPE TABLE: **LIKE A 16-ROOM HOUSE**







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ACTIVITY UNDERSTANDING THINKING AND FEELING



Everyone with a preference for **Thinking** form one group, and everyone with a preference for **Feeling** form another group.

- What do you like to be preciated or recognized for?
- How do you like to be appreciated or recognized?
- How do you feel if you are not appreciated or recognized in this way?

